

## NOT LAWFUL

IF it is "not lawful" to be in someone's HOUSE, by what means can we *justify* remaining IN the house once we learn it is "not lawful" to BE in the house?

Then, IF it is "not lawful" to entering into another man's marriage, by what means do we *justify* remaining IN the "marriage" once we learn it is "not lawful to BE in the "marriage"?

Mk.6:17 "For Herod himself had sent forth and laid hold upon John, and bound him in prison for Herodias' sake, his brother Philip's wife: for he had married her. 18 For John had said unto Herod, It is not lawful for thee to have thy brother's wife."

### ANGER / GUILT

- 1) John said it was "not lawful" to HAVE (POSSESS) the wife of another man.
- 2) IF John meant it would be right to KEEP her if he would *only be baptized*, WHY was Herodias SO angry as to have John beheaded??

WHEN does entering into an adulterous marriage CEASE be "adultery" as long as the union continues?

Rom.7:3 "So then if, while her husband liveth, she be married to another man, she shall be called an adulteress: but if her husband be dead, she is free from that law; so that she is no adulteress, though she be married to another man."

- 1) Is she FREE from the marriage law when she is BAPTIZED?
- 2) Is she FREE from the marriage law when her husband DIES?

## WHAT IF THIS WOMAN

- 1) Is an erring Christian--can she "repent" and pray and then KEEP her new husband, and be RIGHT with God?
- 2) Is not a Christian--can she "repent" and be baptized and KEEP her new husband, and be RIGHT with God?

### LIVING IN ADULTERY

(Rom. 7:2,3)

"Husband liveth"..."she be married to another man" (She is LIVING)..."she shall be called an adulteress".

- 1) Adulteress - "a woman committing adultery".
- 2) Living - Hence, "living in adultery".