AT FAULT

Matt. 19:7 (KIV) "They say unto him, Why did Moses then command to give a writing of divorcement, and to put her away?"

Matt. 19:9 (KJV) "He saith unto them, Moses, because of the hardness of your hearts suffered you to put away your wives, but from the beginning it was not so."

QUESTION: WHO WAS AT FAULT FOR THE DIVORCE—THE <u>HUSBAND</u> OR THE <u>WIFE?</u> CHRIST versus BILLINGSLY

Blame

Blame

Jesus said the HUSBAND Reason: HARDNESS OF HEART Billingsly says the WIFE **Reason: FORNICATION**

Matt. 19:9 (KJV) "And I say unto you, Whosoever shall put away his wife, except it be for fornication, and shall shall marry another, committeth adultery; and whoso marrieth her which is put away doth commit adultery." **CONCLUSION:**

(1) What Moses "suffered" was because of the "hardness" of men's hearts.

(2) What Jesus "authorized" was because of "FORNICATION" by the woman or by the man, Mark 10:12.

(3) Billingsly says Jesus was explaining Moses (in Matt. 24:1) in His language of Matt. 19:9

(4) Though MAY have found some "unclean thing" in their wives as a "reason" for divorce, Jesus said the REAL cause was the hardness of men's hearts.

(5) What Jesus "authorized" (Matt. 19:7; Mark 10:12) is different than what Moses "allowed", for IT is based on "fornication"--NOT "hardness of hearts."

NTA3

N.T. WORDS FOR "SEXUAL RELATIONSHIPS"

(1) GAMEO (to marry) - Tr. "married". Mk.1012; 1Co.7:10,33,34,39

- (2) AGAMOS (not married) Tr. "unmarried". 1Co.7:8,11,32,34
- (3) LUO (unbound, free) Tr. "loosed", Ro.7:2: 1Co.7:27
- (4) DEO (binding) Tr. "bound", Ro.7:2; 1Co.7:27,39
- (5) GINOMAI (to become) Tr. "married". Ro.7:3,3,4
- (6) SUNEZUGNUMI (to yoke together) Tr. "joined together". Mt.19:6; Mk.10:9
- (7) KOLLAO (to be joined, or join self to) Tr. "joined". 1Co.6:16,17 (8) MOICHAO (unlawful sexual relations) Tr. "adultery". Mt.5:32; 19:9; Mk.10:11,12
- (9) PORNEIA (illicit sexual relations) Tr. "fornication". 1Co.7:2; 1Th.4:3

NTA7

CONTEXT OF ROM. 7

PRINCIPLE - "Law applies to the living"

v. 1 "Know ye not, brethren, (for I speak to them that know the law,) how that the law hath dominion over a man as long as he liveth?"

ILLUSTRATION - "God's law of marriage"

- v. 2 "For the woman which hath an husband is bound by the law to her husband so long as he liveth: but if her husband be dead, she is loosed from the law of her husband.
- v. 3 So then if, while her husband liveth, she be married to another man, she shall be called an adulteress; but if her husband be dead, she is free from that law: so that she is no adulteress, though she be married to another man."

APPLICATION - "Now be married to Christ"

v. 4 "Wherefore my brethren, ye also are become dead to the law by the body of Christ; that ye should be married to another, even to him who is raised from the dead, that we should bring forth fruit unto God."

NTA4

FREE TO REMARRY

- (1) "In every divorce considered in Matthew 19, both parties were free to remarry." (Billingsly, DEVIL AND MATTHEW 19, 1990 edition, p. 13)
- (2) "And I say unto you, whosoever shall put away his wife, except it be for fornication, and shall marry another, committeth adultery; and whoso marrieth her which is put away doth commit adultery."

(Jesus, MATTHEW 19:9)

WHO IS RIGHT, BILLINGSLY OR JESUS?